



## DEVELOPMENT OF A METHOD TO EVALUATE PERIPHERAL VISUAL PERCEPTION

Ieva Timrote, Gunta Krumina, Tatjana Pladere,  
Mara Skribe  
13.04.2012

## The problem

- Visual search is needed in everyday human life when:
  - trying to find a free spot at parking lot
  - working at the computer and looking for a file
  - searching for a key word in paper etc.
- Tests using visual search task to evaluate working capacity and ability to concentrate, not looking at peripheral conditions
- Disorders concerning central and peripheral visual field properties that can be improved until certain age

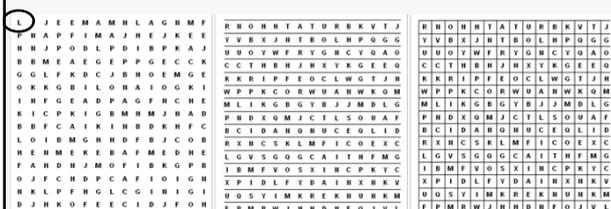
## The aim

- To develop a method to evaluate peripheral visual perception

## Methods

- A program consisting from several tests
- Central task – a set of 15x15 (33.3° ) or 10x10 (24.7° ) letters
- Tests demonstrated on a projection screen (93.9° wide) at a distance of 60 cm
- 8 individuals
- Additional central or peripheral conditions

## Central task

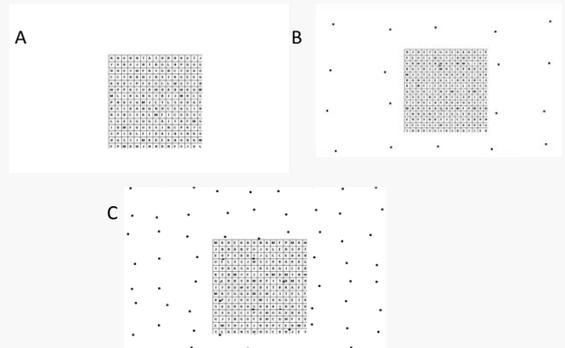


White center

In lines

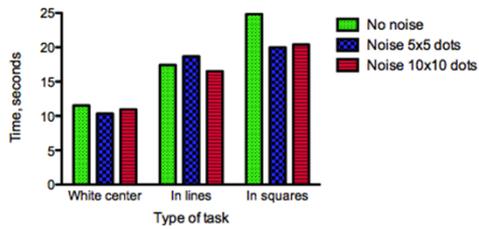
In squares

## Peripheral noise



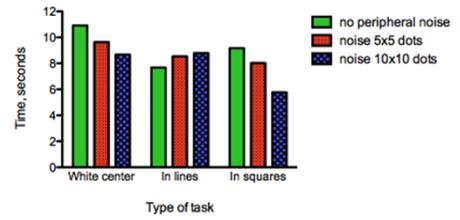
## Results

Time to accomplish the task with 15x15 set of letters for individual IT



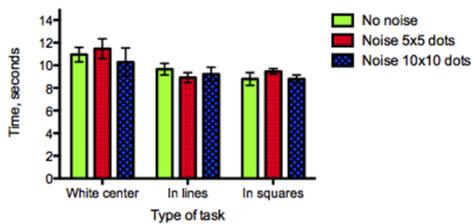
## Results

Time needed to accomplish the task with 10x10 set of letters for individual IT

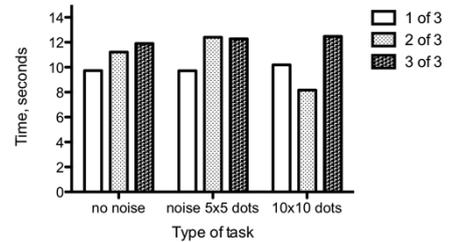


## Results

Time needed to accomplish task with a set of 10x10 letters for individual IL



Time needed to accomplish the task for individual IL



## Conclusions

- This method can be used to evaluate peripheral perception
- There have to be some improvements so that these tests could be used on computer monitors and for children

## Acknowledgement

- This work has been supported by the European Social Fund within the project «Support for Doctoral Studies at University of Latvia» and ERAF project Nr. 2011/0004/2DP/2.1.1.1.0/10/APIA/VIAA/027
- Thanks to S.Fomins for the help with the program